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hiladelphia, Pa., Oct. 15 .- "My y suffered terribly for three nths from eczema. It appeared his face, head and hands, and

until his was a mass res, and he as if he been scalded. itching was itense I had to his hands. He d all the time could not p. I tried many

nedies, but hing did him good. I heard esinol Ointment and Resinol and the fourth day after ! an their use the itching stopped.
w one would not know he had
r had any skin trouble. Two
s of the Ointment cured him."
gned) Mrs. Bessie Davis, 1012 h 13th St. druggists sell Resinol Oint-t and Resinol Soap.

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W. R. E. COMPANY PRESIDENT ASKS SEVEN-CENT FARE RATE

Questioned at Public Meeting, Mr. Ham Frankly Declares Increase Is Only Alternative for the Zone System.

dawning in the relations of Washington citizens and the utility corporations that serve them, the Federation of Citizens' Associations today announced that it will extend the principle of the street rall way mass meeting, held in the District building last night, to all future considerations of public service ques-

tions.

The capital, in other words, is to have a permanent forum, managed by the federation, where representatives of the utility companies and the public may come together for frank discussion of problems affecting their interests.

The plan is the outgrowth of last night's meeting, generally considered by the more than two hundred persons who attended it to have been sons who attended it to have been one of the most remarkable public discussions ever held in Washington.

Mr. Ham Target for Questions.

William F. Ham, president of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, was the target for questions propounded formally by the federation and informally by scores of property owners and residents that sought to bring out all the facts explaining why the finances of the company are in a bad way.

Subject to Future Decision.

What plan the federation will offer as a solution of the railway company's financial difficulties will not be determined until after Mr. Ham's statements have been analyzed thoroughly and the testimony given before the Public Utilities Commission dissected. What the federation is almost certain not to indorse, however, is the company's proposal for zone fares. Applause was evoked when President Westlake stated last night that he did not believe the organization would

Westlake stated last night that he did not believe the organization would support this suggestion.

The federation will meet tonight in the boardroom of the District building, when the railway situation will be canvassed further. Whatever relief program it ultimately decides upon will, it is anticipated, be submitted to the public for approval.

Mr. Ham said the zone system was the best way out of the company's the best way out of the company's financial difficulties, the only alternative being a 7-cent fare. The 6-cent fare would not enable the company to surmount its difficulties, he said.

Wins Him Commendation.

Mr. Ham's frankness in answering thanks. The congratulations he re-ceived informally after the meeting were more impressive. He was told by representatives of every section of the city that if the company will con-tinue its policy of taking the public into its confidence it may expect co-

into its confidence it may expect cooperation from its patrons that will
be immensely beneficial.

Both President W. B. Westlake of
the federation and William McK.
Clayton, chairman of its utilities commission, declared that the meeting
had made history.

"This is only the beginning," said
Mr. Westlake. "We propose to bring
the people and all the utility companies together in the same way. We

panies together in the same way. We are confident it will lead to co-operation, of which the pet result will be reasonable prosperity for the companies and better service for the publis."

"Heckling" Not in Evidence.

d and a courteou

Stated as Only Alternative.

Stated as Only Alternative.

The only alternative to a zone system is a 7-cent fare, he declared. In his opinion, a 6-cent rate would not enable the company to surmount its diculties, as the additional charge of 1 cent would not more than offset the business that would be lost in the diverting a large number of passengers to the Capital Traction Company with its lower rate.

Evidence of the company's changed policy toward labor was contained in Mr. Ham's statement that it favors liberal—not merely reasonable—wages for its employes; that it anticipates no early general reduction in the cost of labor throughout the country and has no intention of being the first to fall in line should a downward trend in cost of labor set in as an accompaniment to a reduction in cost of living.

He said the company has fully indersed the principles laid down by the National War Labor Board, one of which is there shall be no strikes.

Indorses "Service-at-Cost" Plan.

Discussion of Capitalization.

Asked by the federation if he considered that the capitalization of the Washington Railway and Electric Company represents actual value upon which the stockholders should receive dividends, Mr. Ham replied in the affirmative. In explaining this answer he went into the history of the company's formation, reading from a statement by Senator McMillan to show that Congress authorised the formation of the Washington Railway and Electric Company with the definite purpose of providing Washington with a traction system that could afford to carry non-paying suburbanlines during long development periods.

Congress directed the company t issue \$15,000,000 worth of stock and it would be unjust to come in nineteen years later and repudiate that action, he submitted. Congress asked the company to build up the outlying sections and authorized what it considered a fair stock issue to considered. ered a fair stock issue to cover the operations of the company.

Mr. Ham contended that the reason-

Confident that a better epoch is ableness of the issue is attested to by the companies to the parent company and reproduction cost estimates. In this connection he took issue with

the methods followed by the Public Utilities Commission to ascertain the value of the company's property for rate-making purposes. In determining historical cost, the commission's experts, he stated, have considered only the original cost of property now existing. existing.

The company's position, he said, is that it should be given credit for every dollar expended in developing the property. Also, it contends that money lost in developing the enter-prise up to the time it becomes prof-itable should be included Th capital

Inquiry Regarding Strike Cost. At this point there was an interrogation from the floor as to whether Mr. Hart thought the pub-

about \$288,000 a year to meet its fixed charges, he asserted. It is earning but 1½ per cent on its stock.

Answering the question of why the street railway industry generally faces bankruptcy, about sixty com-

Questioned as to whether an increase in rates would be followed by better service, he said that the matter of service is in the hands of the utilities commission, which governs it through regulations. It is not natural to expect a starved cow to give good milk he suggested.

milk, he suggested.

Mr. Ham said the company had never disobeyed an order of the commission.

As proof of its desire to furnish good

Reason for Asking Increased Fare.

It was a big crowd and a courteous one that heard Mr. Ham answer questions for more than three hours last night. Heckling methods were not in evidence. The temper of the audience was impressive for its sincerity to get at the facts in a fair-minded way.

There was no disposition to challenge any of Mr. Ham's answers involving questions of fact. But his declaration of policies, particularly with respect to the desirability of zone fares, developed opposition.

Several representatives declared through a system of zone charges. This dissent came strongest from those representing the suburbanisections.

Reason for Asking Increased Fare.

The public was reminded also that the complany had not complained at carrying the suburban lines at a loss as long as the more profitable lines in the asystem realized sufficient earnings for washington. He declaration and carrying the suburban had not complained at a loss of a statistical character is asking for relief now only because there is not sufficient earning power to make good the deficits. It is asking for relief now only because there is not sufficient earning not carrying the suburban not complained at carrying the suburban not complained at lines in the complained at lines in the complained at lines in the suburban set to make good the deficits. It is asking for relief now only because there is not sufficient earning power to make good the deficits. It is asking for relief now only because there is not sufficient earnings to make good the deficits. It is asking for relief now only because there is not sufficient earnings to make good th tions.

President Ham said the company is not holding out for the zone plan, it being favored merely because it is a measured service proposition and seeks to distribute equitably the cost of furnishing street car service.

Stated as Only Alternative.

"This is really the only point at which an analysis of the cost of the intercompany transfer can be made, and it shows very clearly the expense of this transfer," Mr. Ham said.

Question of Number of Cars.

In reply to a question as to whether it would be possible to operate more cars during rush hours over 9th street between F and G streets, Mr. Ham said recent observations indicate a car crossing the 9th and F street it is not thought possible any ap-preciably greater number can be put over this intersection.

many more cars than during the corresponding period of last year, he continued. For example, on March 25 the number of cars operated was 359, compared with 321 on March 25, last year, an increase of 12½ per cent. Trades, at the headquarters of the The company, it was stated, now year, an increase of 121/2 per cent. The company, it was stated, now The company, it was stated, now American Federation of Labor, Masowns 398 closed cars and 50 open cars. Sachusetts avenue and 9th street of this number, all were in service on northwest, lasting several hours, and

thought about various advertisements. She said:

"Ads in the newspapers always make me think of quick action. Other kinds of ads make me think of going through a museumam interested in everything I see, but I don't want to do anything but

Striking answer-wasn't

Newspaper advertisements are used to GET ACTION:

On Strike Committee to Look After Interests of Sister Conductorettes



whether Mr. Hart thought the put lic should pay for the strike losses in 1917. previously stated by the speaker to have been in the neighborhood of \$600,000. His reply was that this cost was met out of a surplus existing at that time and was not charged to capital account.

In beginning his answers to the fifty-nine questions asked by the fedform of the queries related to the financial into the solution of the company or to the solution of its financial difficulties. He have the present of the company or to the solution of its financial difficulties. He have a prospect of the company or to the solution of the company or to the solution of its financial difficulties. He have a prospect of the company or to the solution of the company or to the s

obligations.

This emergency condition results from 100 per cent increase in operating costs and 15 per cent increase in revenue, he declared.

Fails to Meet Fixed Charges.

The company is now failing by the company is now failing the company is now faili

Comparison of Companies.

Asked for the company's explanation of the seemingly greater popufaces bankruptcy, about sixty companies already having gone into receivers' hands, he said the traction concerns made the vital mistake of trying to furnish service at a uniform cost, regardless of the amount.

No other business enterprise would attempt to exist on such a principle, and the street railway industry is now turning to measured service as the only equitable relief in sight.

There is no greater obligation on a company to furnish good service than there is on the public to pay for good service, Mr. Ham continued.

Questioned as to whether an increase in rates would be followed by

be made as satisfactory as city service, there would probably be more complaints against it than against the Capital Traction Company. In concluding, Mr. Ham said that the Washington Railway and Electric

amount sufficient to enable it to meet its obligations, pay a liberal wage to its employes and a reasonable return service he referred to its purchase of approximately a million dollars' worth of cars last year, when it was forced to pay as high as 8½ per cent for the money it borrowed for this investment.

The obligations, pay a liberal wage to its employes and a reasonable return to its stockholders. Half of its stockholders are Washingtonians and a large percentage of them are women, he said. Mr. Ham drew an optimistic picture of the future of Washington. He de-clared the street railways must be

Differences Between the Local Journeymen and Employers Reported as Adjusted.

The strike of the journeymen tailors, which has been on for the past two weeks, was settled last night at the offices of the American Federation of Labor by arbitration.

The men have returned to work, all differences between the employers and employes having been satisfac-torily adjusted.

The agreement entered into gives

assurances that there will be no dif-ferences between the two interests concerned in the future. The agree-ment bears date of April 18 and runs until October 1, when the wage scale and working conditions will either be renewed automatically or by agree-ment or adjustment as the conditions at that time may demand.

Indorses "Service-at-Cost" Plan.

Service-at-cost methods of operating street railways were indorsed in the main by Mr. Ham, though he stated he could not pledge the company to support legislation to obtain a service-at-cost system for Washington until a definite plan were outlined and considered.

As to the desirability of merging the two traction systems here, Mr. Ham asserted that while he formerly advocated such a step, he was doubtful now if it would lead to any great doubt a greatest benefits that would have ensued from amalgamation, he pointed out, while tracks are being used the greatest benefits that would have ensued from amalgamation, he pointed out, while tracks are being used the statistics given by mr. Ham asserted that while he formerly advocated such a step, he was doubtful now if it would lead to any great advantages. Granting of intercompany transfers already had provided the greatest benefits that would have ensued from amalgamation, he pointed out, while tracks are being used the statistic street were made constending the operation of company has paid 5 percent of its preferred stock since 1965, and 1916, when 7 between the company in the operation of common stock driving from 1916, when 7 between the company in the operation of common stock driving from a per cent in 1805 to go the statistics given by Mr. Ham asserted that while he formerly advocated such a step, he was doubtful now if it would lead to any great advantages. Granting of intercompany has paid 5 per cent at present. Common stock driving from 4 per cent in 1805 to go the statistics given by Mr. Ham asserted that while he formerly advocated when it was found that the company has paid 5 per cent of the part of both the empty of the statistics given by Mr. Ham asserted that while he formerly advocated when it was found that the company has paid 5 per cent of the part of the company has paid 5 per cent of the part of the company has paid 5 per cent of the part of the part of the company has paid 5 per cent of the part of the compan

VOTE FAVORS STRIKE.

150,000 Electrical Workers Blame Postmaster General.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 19.-Over whelming majorities favoring the calling of a nation-wide strike July 1 of

ing of a nation-wide strike July 1 of more than 150,000 electrical workers in the United States are being received here, according to J. P. Noonan, acting president of the International Brother-hood of Electrical Workers, whose head-quarters are located here.

"The whole responsibility, if the strike becomes effective, will rest with Postmaster General Burleson," Mr. Noonan said. "He has refused time and again to recognize the Telephone Employers' Union, even after President Wilson has turned our request over to him."

Henry Roberts, who in 1918 escaped from the penitentiary, where he was serving a life sentence for killing a deputy sheriff, was killed near Sumexille. Tenn., Thursday by officere

COMMITTEE MAY MEET \$26,000 PLEDGED TO 110TH ON DEBARKING

Plans for welcomirs home the 110th Field Artillery, composed of former District National Guardsmen, are Baptist Church for the Roger Wilbeing discussed this afternoon by a liams memorial fund already pledged. committee in conference with Robert the local committee in charge of the N. Harper, chairman of the District drive is out to procure the full Washwelcome home committee. The com- ington quota of \$100,000 by the midmittee is made up of wives and dle of next week. Immanuel set for friends of members of this unit. Mr. Harper said today that al- within the church. It now has \$26,000 though a parade probably could not pledged as the result of a few days'

Guards Now in Field

Artillery.

RULES ON LABOR PICKETING.

Lawful Unless Accompanied by Violence, New York Judge Says.

ROGER WILLIAMS FUND

Planning Welcome of Former D. C. Immanuel Baptist Church to Push Drive for D. C. Quota of \$100,000.

> amount to be raised by Immanuel itself the task of raising \$50,000

Bethlehem Branch at Sparrows Point to Expend Millions.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 19.-Improvements and extensions for the NEW YORK, April 19. - Justice year 1919 at the Sparrows Point plant Kapper, in the state supreme court, of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation in Brooklyn, has ruled that picketing the line of increased productions, as

Brooklyn, has ruled that picketing in labor disputes was not unlawful unless accompanied by violence.

"Ex-employes may walk up and down the street and request the workers not to take their places," he said. "Picketing is only unlawful when accompanied by violence."

The justice made this ruling in the case of the Acme Die Casting Corporation. which seeks to enjoin former employes on strike from interfering with its present employes.

DEPUTIES CUT WORKING DAY.

Paris Chamber Establishes Eight-

Hour Rule for Labor.

lishing an eight-hour work day f The vote was by a show of hands after the chamber had adopted an amendment, offered by former Premier Briand, providing that under no PARIS, April 17 (by the Associ-ated Press).—The chamber of deputies this evening passed a bill estab- pretext for a reduction in wages.



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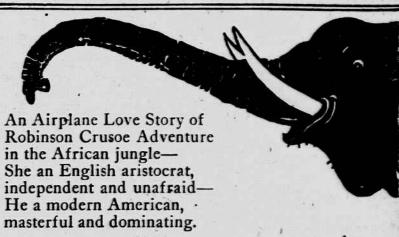
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B. Williams

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